Trend Study 25C-10-98

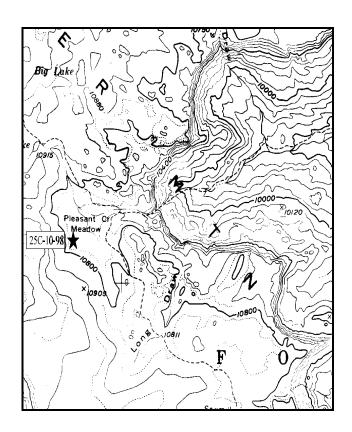
Study site name: Pleasant Creek Exclosure-In Range type: Dry Meadow.

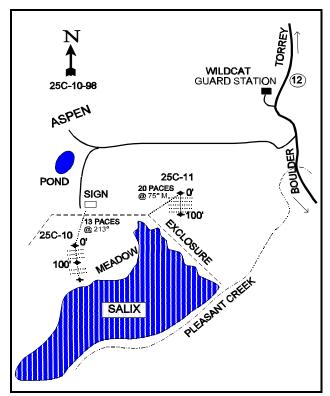
Compass bearing: frequency baseline 222 M degrees.

Footmark (first frame placement) 5 feet. frequency belt placement; line 1 (11, 59 & 95ft), line 2 (34 & 71ft).

LOCATION DESCRIPTION

Heading south on Highway U-12 between Grover and Boulder, look for the USFS Wildcat Guard Station on the west side of the road. Just south of the Wildcat Guard Station and before crossing Pleasant Creek, turn off onto the Pleasant Creek Road and head west 0.75 miles to a cattleguard. This road gets very rough, and a four-wheel drive is recommended. From the cattleguard, go another 1.75 miles to a gate. After another 0.2 miles, you'll come to the Meek's Lake Fork. Go left here for 0.6 miles to where the road ends at an exclosure. (At one point, the road appears to end in a meadow, but continue on to the exclosure). From the exclosure sign, trend study #25C-10 is 13 paces a way at 215° magnetic. It is marked by browse tag (which lies within the exclosure) #9051 and runs at 222° magnetic.





Map Name: Deer Creek Lake

Township 31S, Range 5E, Section 19

Diagrammatic Sketch

UTM 4216724.312 N, 465983.022 E

DISCUSSION

Trend Study No. 25C-10 (44-10)

The Pleasant Creek Exclosure (inside) was a new study that was established in 1991 and is located within an exclosure made with a "let-down" fence. This site was initiated by the U.S. Forest Service and DWR to help determine use by elk in the area. The exclosure is located on a meadow surrounded by aspen on the north and willows on the south. It was built in 1990 around 10 acres of meadow, willow, and creek bottom along Pleasant Creek. The site is high in the aspen-conifer zone at about 9,700 feet in elevation. In the past, exclosure data has usually not been very useful for determining elk use, since they do not have the same abilities or inclination as deer at jumping fences. However, pellet group data from inside the exclosure in 1994 did show some elk use as well as cattle use. The fence is not well maintained and cows have gotten inside the exclosure. Pellet group data from 1998 estimate 9 elk and 33 cow days use/acre. Only one deer pellet group was found. Deer and elk pellet groups were hard to see in 1998 due to the dense vegetation.

The soil is moderately deep with an effective rooting depth (see methods) of almost 18 inches. It is a dark brown or black colored soil with a sandy loam texture and a moderately acid pH (6.0). The soil is fertile with high amounts of organic matter. Large rocks and boulders occur throughout the area and throughout the soil profile. Bare soil is rare, with most ground cover as herbaceous vegetation. Erosion is not a problem at this time.

The vegetation is composed of a variety of forbs and grasses. The only browse species encountered was a *Salix* spp. Kentucky bluegrass is the dominant grass, an increaser with heavy livestock grazing. It currently ('98) provides 83% of the grass cover. Slender wheatgrass, a sedge, meadow barley, and plains bluegrass are also fairly common. During the 1998 reading, forbs were more abundant and produced more cover than grasses. Composition is dominated by increasers including: pussytoes, pacific aster, silverweed, and northwest cinquefoil, dandelion, and hollyleaf clover. These species provided 98% of the forb cover in 1994 and 95% in 1998.

1991 APPARENT TREND ASSESSMENT

The soils are in good condition. The trend is stable with no change anticipated in the foreseeable future. Browse trend for this site is not critical for it is not part of the normal winter range or critical winter range. The only browse species encountered was a willow. The herbaceous understory is diverse with 38 species found. These plants appear to be moderate to heavily grazed each summer. Outside the exclosure grazing is severe. The high quadrat frequency values for Kentucky bluegrass, yarrow, and aster would indicate over grazing for a long period of time. Trend is considered stable, but the composition is not ideal. This is a new site so there is not any previous data to compare it with to determine trend.

1994 TREND ASSESSMENT

The soils are in good condition. The trend is stable with no changes being anticipated. Browse for this site are not critical and this area is not part of a normal winter range or critical winter range. The herbaceous understory is diverse. The trend for the herbaceous species is down, with significant decreases for nested frequency for both grasses and forbs. The most abundant species is Kentucky bluegrass which is the only species that showed an increase during this period. This exclosure showed a great deal of cow sign which indicated that the fence was down sometime in the recent past.

TREND ASSESSMENT

soil - stable

browse - not important on this high summer range

<u>herbaceous understory</u> - significant downward trend, probably closely related to the prolonged drought since 1985, but still good condition

1998 TREND ASSESSMENT

The soil trend is improved slightly since 1994 due to excellent production of herbaceous vegetation this season. Percent bare ground is only 1%. There is no significant browse component on this site and it is not important on this summer range. Trend for the herbaceous understory is up slightly. Sum of nested frequency of grasses remains similar to 1994 estimates but frequency of forbs has increased. Production is also much higher compared to 1994. Composition is still totally dominated by increasers however, with Kentucky bluegrass providing 83% of the grass cover and weedy, low growing increaser forbs make up 95% of the forb cover. Cattle are still getting into the exclosure and utilizing some of the forage.

TREND ASSESSMENT

soil - up slightly

browse - none

herbaceous understory - up slightly, but composition dominated by increasers

HERBACEOUS TRENDS --

Herd unit 25C, Study no: 10

T Species	Nested	Freque	ncy	Quadra	t Freque		Average Cover %		
y p e	'91	'94	'98	'91	'94	'98	'94	'98	
G Agropyron trachycaulum	_b 68	_a 39	_a 53	28	15	21	.29	1.64	
G Carex spp.	_c 263	_b 168	_a 89	81	58	37	4.07	2.03	
G Deschampsia caespitosa	_c 89	_b 12	a ⁻	38	4	-	.24	-	
G Festuca ovina	a ⁻	_b 24	_c 49	-	8	18	.71	.24	
G Hordeum brachyantherum	_a 2	_a 3	ь17	1	1	8	.03	1.00	
G Juneus balticus	_b 46	_a 18	_a 6	19	9	3	.36	.09	
G Koeleria cristata	5	-	20	3	-	8	-	.21	
G Muhlenbergia montana	14	1	5	6	1	2	.03	.03	
G Phleum alpinum	_b 114	_a 5	_a 7	37	3	3	.04	.01	
G Poa arida	_a 6	_b 45	_b 64	2	14	25	.98	2.53	
G Poa pratensis	_a 296	_b 345	_b 365	93	92	97	23.09	40.04	
G Sitanion hystrix	a ⁻	_a 5	ь17	-	2	8	.06	.09	
G Stipa comata	-	8	12	-	3	7	.04	.13	
G Stipa lettermani	_{ab} 21	_b 49	_a 17	11	19	9	.63	.24	
Total Annual Grasses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Perennial Grasses	924	722	721	319	229	246	30.59	48.33	
F Achillea millefolium	_b 222	_a 156	_{ab} 173	72	56	59	2.13	9.76	
F Agoseris glauca	-	-	7	-	-	2	-	.01	
F Allium spp.	-	2	1	-	2	1	.01	.00	
F Antennaria rosea	11	2	5	4	1	2	.00	.03	
F Androsace septentrionalis (a)	a ⁻	_b 13	_c 81	-	5	32	.02	.72	
F Artemisia dracunculus	_c 30	_b 8	a ⁻	13	4	-	.02		
F Arabis drummondi	_b 10	c ⁻	_a 27	6	1	14	-	.15	
F Arenaria fendleri	9	-	-	5	_	-	-	-	

T	Species	Nested	Freque	ncy	Quadra	t Freque	Average Cover %		
y p e		'91	'94	'98	'91	'94	'98	'94	'98
F	Aster chilensis	_b 269	_a 90	_a 66	85	33	23	.80	1.20
F	Cerastium beeringianum	9	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
F	Chenopodium album (a)	-	4	-	-	2	-	.01	-
F	Draba spp. (a)	-	_a 1	_b 41	-	1	20	.00	.12
F	Epilobium spp.	4	-	-	1	-	-	ı	-
F	Equisetum variegatum	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
F	Erigeron flagellaris	_a 33	_b 61	_a 21	14	24	8	.32	.52
F	Erigeron spp.	a-	ь10	_b 34	-	3	12	.06	.84
F	Eriogonum spp.	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	.00
F	Galium spp.	10	1	-	4	-	-	-	-
F	Geum spp.	9	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
F	Lappula occidentalis (a)	-	_b 4	_a 1	-	3	1	.04	.00
F	Lomatium dissectum	-	6	-	-	2	-	.01	-
F	Lomatium spp.	-	2	3	-	1	1	.00	.00
F	Lychnis drummondii	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	.00
F	Potentilla anersina	-	140	128	-	50	48	4.26	7.74
F	Polygonum douglasii (a)	-	10	5	-	3	3	.01	.01
F	Potentilla gracilis	_b 77	_a 28	_a 19	28	12	10	1.09	.56
F	Ranunculus alismaefolius	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
F	Rumex salicifolius	5	-	13	2	-	6	-	.34
F	Silene spp.	-	1	-	-	1	-	.00	-
F	Taraxacum officinale	_a 332	_b 285	_a 302	97	93	91	6.85	19.22
F	Thalictrum fendleri	2	-	ľ	1	-	ľ	-	-
F	Trifolium gymnocarpon	_b 265	_a 147	_a 168	76	42	49	11.06	15.38
F	Unknown forb-perennial	8	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
F	Viola spp.	_b 17	a ⁻	_a 5	7	-	2	-	.01
T	otal Annual Forbs	0	32	128	0	14	56	0.08	0.85
T	otal Perennial Forbs	1324	938	977	430	324	330	26.67	55.83

Values with different subscript letters are significantly different at % = 0.10

BROWSE TRENDS --

Herd unit 25C, Study no: 10

T y p e	Species	Str Frequ '94	rip uency '97	Average Cover % '94 '98		
В	Populus tremuloides	0	0	-	.00	
T	otal for Browse	0	0	0	0.0	

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CANOPY COVER ---

Herd unit 25C, Study no: 10

Species	Percent Cover '98
Populus tremuloides	10

BASIC COVER --

Herd unit 25C, Study no: 10

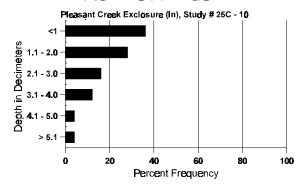
Cover Type	Nes Frequ	iency	Average Cover %				
	' 94	'98	'91	'94	'98		
Vegetation	394	395	75.75	62.59	81.70		
Rock	166	80	2.25	6.29	4.46		
Pavement	19	16	0	.34	.46		
Litter	327	391	15.50	16.88	81.86		
Cryptogams	18	34	.25	.09	.19		
Bare Ground	135	57	6.25	6.08	.98		

SOIL ANALYSIS DATA --

Herd Unit 25C, Study # 10, Study Name: Pleasant Creek Exclosure (In)

Effective rooting depth (inches)	Temp °F (depth)	pН	%sand	%silt	%clay	%OM	PPM P	РРМ К	dS/m
17.6	42.3 (17.7)	6.0	52.0	32.2	15.8	6.2	31.4	252.8	.8

Stoniness Index



PELLET GROUP FREQUENCY --

Herd unit 25C, Study no: 10

Туре	Qua Frequ '94	drat iency '98
Elk	31	7
Deer	-	1
Cattle	30	18

BROWSE CHARACTERISTICS --

Herd unit 25C, Study no: 10

A													Average (inches)	Total				
E	K		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	rei Acie	Ht. Cr.	
Po	Populus tremuloides																	
S	91		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		0
	94		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 2	-	-	-	0		0
Щ	98		3	-	-		-	-	-		_	3	-	-	-	60		3
X	91		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		0
	94 98		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20		0
												_			_			1
%	Plar	nts S	howin	ng		derate	Use		ivy Us	<u>se</u>		or Vigo	<u>r</u>			-	%Change	
			'91		00%	ó		009	6		00)%					None	
			'94		00%	ó		009	6		00	00% None						
			'98		00%	ó		009	6		00)%						
To	Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings) '91 0 Dec: -												-					
				,	2			0	,					'94		0		-
														'98		0		-